Year (5)

Small Steps Guidance and Examples

Block 1: Place Value



Welcome

Welcome White Rose Maths', more detailed schemes of learning for 2017-18.

We have listened to all the feedback over the last 2 years and as a result of this, we have made some changes to our primary schemes. *They are bigger, bolder and more detailed than before.*

The new schemes still have the *same look and feel* as the old ones, but we have tried to provide more detailed guidance. We have worked with enthusiastic and passionate teachers from up and down the country, who are experts in their particular year group, to bring you additional guidance. *These schemes have been written for teachers, by teachers.*

We all believe that every child can succeed in mathematics. Thank you to everyone who has contributed to the work. It is only with your help that we can make a difference.

We hope that you find the new schemes of learning helpful.

If you have any feedback on any part of our work, do not hesitate to get in touch. Follow us on Twitter and Facebook to keep up-to-date with all our latest announcements.

White Rose Maths Team

#MathsEveryoneCan

What's New?

This release of our schemes includes

- New overviews, with subtle changes being made to the timings and the order of topics.
- New small steps progression. These show our blocks broken down into smaller steps.
- Small steps guidance. For each small step we provide some brief guidance to help teachers understand the key discussion and teaching points. This guidance has been written for teachers, by teachers.
- A more integrated approach to fluency, reasoning and problem solving.
- Answers to all the problems in our new scheme.
- This year there will also be updated assessments.
- We are also working with Diagnostic Questions to provide questions for every single objective of the National Curriculum.



Meet the Team

The schemes have been put together by a wide group of passionate and enthusiastic classroom practitioners. The development of the schemes has been led by the following people who work across Trinity MAT.













Special Thanks

The Team would like to say a huge thank you to the following people who came from all over the country to contribute their ideas and experience. We could not have done it without you.

Year 2 Team

Chris Gordon
Beth Prottey
Rachel Wademan
Emma Hawkins
Scott Smith
Valda Varadinek-Skelton
Chloe Hall
Faye Hirst
Charlotte James
Joanne Stuart
Michelle Cornwell

Year 3 Team

Becky Stanley Nicola Butler Laura Collis Richard Miller Claire Bennett Chris Conway

Year 4 Team

Terrie Litherland Susanne White Hannah Kirman Daniel Ballard Isobel Gabanski Laura Stubbs

Year 5 Team

Lynne Armstrong
Laura Heath
Clare Bolton
Helen Eddie
Chris Dunn
Rebecca Gascoigne

Year 6 Team

Lindsay Coates Kayleigh Parkes Shahir Khan Sarah Howlett Emma Lucas





How to use the Small Steps

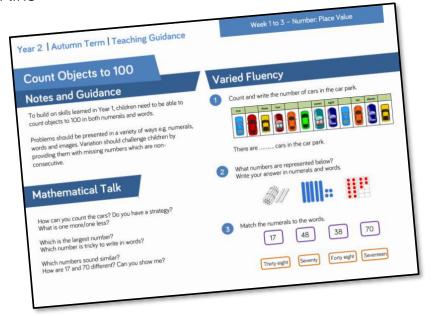
We were regularly asked how it is possible to spend so long on particular blocks of content and National Curriculum objectives. We know that breaking the curriculum down into small manageable steps should help children understand concepts better. Too often, we have noticed that teachers will try and cover too many concepts at once and this can lead to cognitive overload. In our opinion, it is better to follow a small steps approach.

As a result, for each block of content we have provided a "Small Step" breakdown. We recommend that the steps are taught separately and would encourage teachers to spend more time on particular steps if they feel it is necessary. Flexibility has been built into the scheme to allow this to happen.

Teaching Notes

Alongside the small steps breakdown, we have provided teachers with some brief notes and guidance to help enhance their teaching of the topic. The "Mathematical Talk" section provides questions to encourage mathematical thinking and reasoning, to dig deeper into concepts.

We have also continued to provide guidance on what varied fluency, reasoning and problem solving should look like



Assessments

Alongside these overviews, our aim is to provide an assessment for each term's plan. Each assessment will be made up of two parts:

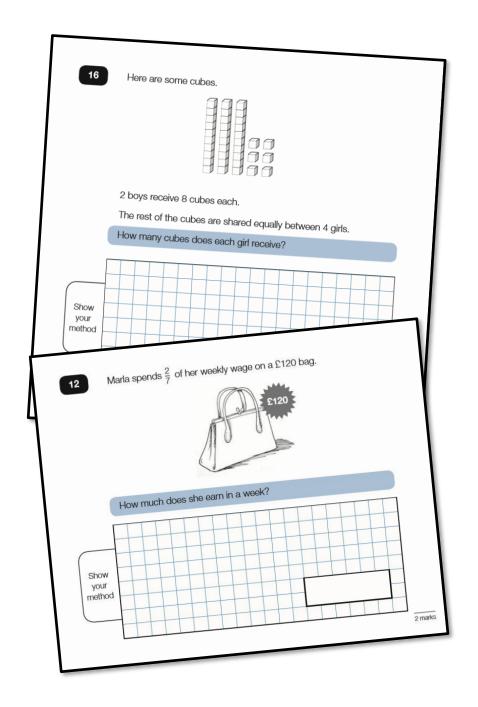
Part 1: Fluency based arithmetic practice

Part 2: Reasoning and problem solving based questions

Teachers can use these assessments to determine gaps in children's knowledge and use them to plan support and intervention strategies.

The assessments have been designed with new KS1 and KS2 SATs in mind. New assessments will be released over the course of next year.

For each assessment we will aim to provide a summary spreadsheet so that schools can analyse their own data. We hope to work with Mathematics Mastery to allow schools to make comparisons against other schools. Keep a look out for information next year.



Teaching for Mastery

These overviews are designed to support a mastery approach to teaching and learning and have been designed to support the aims and objectives of the new National Curriculum.

The overviews:

- have number at their heart. A large proportion of time is spent reinforcing number to build competency
- ensure teachers stay in the required key stage and support the ideal of depth before breadth.
- ensure students have the opportunity to stay together as they work through the schemes as a whole group
- provide plenty of opportunities to build reasoning and problem solving elements into the curriculum.

For more guidance on teaching for mastery, visit the NCETM website

https://www.ncetm.org.uk/resources/47230

Concrete - Pictorial - Abstract

We believe that all children, when introduced to a new concept, should have the opportunity to build competency by taking this approach.

Concrete – children should have the opportunity to use concrete objects and manipulatives to help them understand what they are doing.

Pictorial – alongside this children should use pictorial representations. These representations can then be used to help reason and solve problems.

Abstract – both concrete and pictorial representations should support children's understanding of abstract methods.

We have produced a CPD unit for teachers in schools;

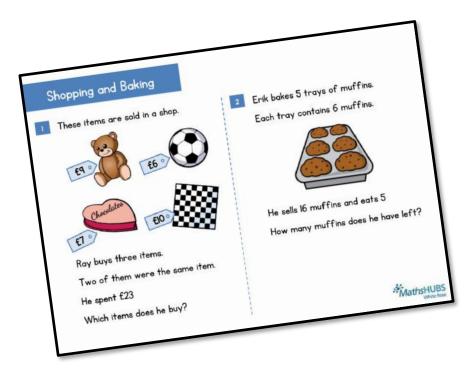
https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/theimportance-of-concrete-professional-development-11476476

Additional Materials

In addition to our schemes and assessments we have a range of other materials that you may find useful.

KS1 and KS2 Problem Solving Questions

For the last two years, we have provided a range of KS1 and KS2 problem solving questions in the run up to SATs. There are over 150 questions on a variety of different topics and year groups.



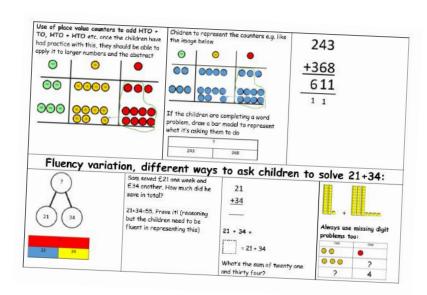
Other schemes of learning

As well as having schemes for Y1-Y6 we developed a range of other schemes of learning

- Schemes for reception
- Mixed aged schemes
- Year 7 9 schemes for secondary

Calculation policy/guidance

We also have our calculation policy for the four operations. This can be found on our TES page.



Our Partnerships

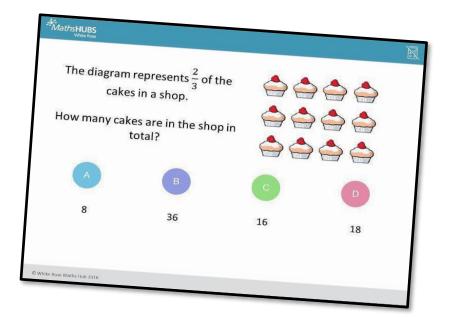
tes
www.tes.com



Over the last 12 months we have developed a partnership with tes. Working with Mathematics Mastery we have created a detailed breakdown of the National Curriculum. Watch this space for exciting developments.

https://www.tes.com/teaching-resources/teaching-for-mastery-in-primary-maths





Diagnostic Questions www.diagnosticquestions.co.uk



From September 2017, we have written two sets of questions for every National Curriculum objective from Y1 to Y6. These are hosted free of charge on amrbartonmaths Diagnostic Questions website.

Training

As well as free training, Trinity Teaching School Alliance offers paid for training to schools regionally, nationally and occasionally internationally. Over the last year we have delivered training to over 150 schools and have had over 1,000 people attend our face to face training.

As part of our 'Jigsaw' package we offer the following twilight courses:

- CPA
- Bar Modelling
- Reasoning and Problem Solving
- Mathematical Talk and Questioning
- Variation and Depth

If you would like any more information about our courses then email the team at support@whiterosemaths.com

License Partners

We also work with a growing number of Teaching Schools around the country to deliver our training. All of our providers have been specially selected and they are as passionate about improving maths education as we are. All our providers offer our twilight bar modelling training course. If you want to see who your local provider is or would like to become a license partner then visit http://whiterosemaths.com/licencees/



Bar Modelling Deeper Learning Event

FAQs

We have bought one of the new textbook schemes, can we still use these curriculum plans?

Many schools are starting to make use of mastery textbooks used in places like Singapore and China. The schemes have been designed to work alongside these textbooks. We recommend that you follow the textbook order and use our materials for additional support and guidance.

If we spend so much time on number work, how can we cover the rest of the curriculum?

Children who have an excellent grasp of number make better mathematicians. Spending longer on mastering key topics will build a child's confidence and help secure understanding. This should mean that less time will need to be spent on other topics.

In addition, schools that have been using these schemes already have used other subjects and topic time to teach and consolidate other areas of the mathematics curriculum.

Do you recommend a particular textbook to use?

Unfortunately we are unable to recommend a particular textbook. We do however recommend that schools and teachers do their research and speak to schools who have already invested.

Should I teach one small step per lesson?

Each small step should be seen as a separate concept that needs teaching. You may find that you need to spend more time on particular concepts. Flexibility has been built into the curriculum model to allow this to happen. This may involve spending more than one lesson on a small step, depending on your class' understanding.

Will you be providing grade boundaries for your assessments?

No, we will not be releasing guidance on grade boundaries. We suggest the assessments are used to find out what children can and cannot do, which will help inform future planning.

FAQs continued ...

How do I use the fluency, reasoning and problem solving questions?

The questions are designed to be used by the teacher to help them understand the key teaching points that need to be covered. They should be used as inspiration and ideas to help teachers plan carefully structured lessons.

What is same day intervention?

A growing number of schools are doing different types of same day intervention. Some schools are splitting a lesson into two parts and other schools are working with small groups of students at other times during the day. The common goal is to keep up, rather than catch up.

Where is the textbook breakdown from Surrey Hub?

Unfortunately this is no longer available.

How do I reinforce what children already know if I don't teach the topic again?

The scheme has been designed to give sufficient time for teachers to explore concepts in depth, rather than covering it superficially and then coming back to it several times.

We understand though that schools will rightly want to ensure that students revisit concepts and ensure fluency in number.

The schemes interleave prior content in new concepts. For example when children look at measurement we recommend that there are lots of questions that practice the four operations and fractions. This helps children make links between topics and understand them more deeply.

We also recommend that schools look to reinforce number fluency throughout the year. This could be done as mental and oral starters or in additional maths time during the day.

School to School Support

In addition to our training we also have access to some SLEs who (through the Teaching School) can help support individual schools with improving their maths teaching.

To find out more details or the costs of any of our training, please contact one of the Operations and Communications team at support@whiterosemaths.com

#MathsEveryoneCan

At White Rose Maths we believe that everyone can succeed in Maths. We encourage anyone who uses our schemes to share in this belief and do all that they can to convince the children they teach that this is the case.

Release Dates

June 2017

• First part of Autumn term schemes

July 2017

- Second part of Autumn term schemes
- Mixed-age plans for Autumn

August 2017

Diagnostic Questions for Autumn

November 2017

New Autumn assessments

December 2017

- Spring schemes
- Diagnostic Questions for Spring

February 2018

New Spring assessments

March 2018

- Summer schemes
- Summer Diagnostic Questions

May 2018

New Summer assessments

Year 5 - Yearly Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Autumn	Number – Place Value and Subtraction					Statistics Number – Multiplication and Division				Perimeter and Area		Consolidation
Spring		er – Multip nd Divisio			Number – Fractions					Num Decin Perce	Consolidation	
Summer	Number – Decimals				Geometry- Properties of Shapes				Measurement- Converting Units		Measures Volume	Consolidation

Year 5 - Autumn Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
least 100000 each digit. Count forwards of 1000000. Interpret ne forwards and negative what zero. Round any manearest 10, 30000000000000000000000000000000000	ace Value order and compare to and determine the ords or backwards in ofor any given num gative numbers in of d backwards with pole numbers includ umber up to 10000 1000, 10000, and or problems and prosect involve all of the order written in Romans	ne value of a steps of aber up to context, count ositive and ing through 000 to the and 100000 actical above. (M) and	Number- Addit Subtraction Add and subtra mentally with i large numbers. Add and subtra numbers with digits, including written metho addition and so Use rounding t answers to calc determine, in t a problem, leve accuracy. Solve addition subtraction mu problems in co deciding which and methods t why.	act numbers ncreasingly act whole more than 4 g using formal ds (columnar ubtraction) o check culations and he context of els of and ulti-step ntexts, operations	Statistics Solve comparise difference probinformation proline graph. Complete, read information in tincluding timeta	lems using esented in a and interpret cables	a number, and a two numbers. Recognise and a numbers and cuthe notation for cubed (3) Solve problems multiplication a including using of factors and numbers. Know and use t prime numbers composite (non	vide numbers ing upon known vide whole 100 and 1000. es and factors, g all factor pairs of common factors of use square ube numbers and r squared (²) and involving and division their knowledge nultiples, squares he vocabulary of , prime factors and inprime) numbers. her a number up to d recall prime	Perimeter and Measure and perimeter of contectilinear shall and m. Calculate and the area of recontection (including squincluding using units, cm², m² the area of irroshapes.	calculate the composite upes in cm compare ctangles ares), and g standard estimate	Consolidation

Year 5 - Spring Term

Week	(1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Multiply drawing or two di written n multiplica Divide nu digit num method or remainde context. Solve pro subtraction and a context are subtraction and a context.	y and of upon y num digit no method cation umber of shothers appropriately appropriate	divide numbers known facts. bers up to 4 digumber using a od, including load for 2 digit numbers up to 4 digit using the form ort division and appropriately for a sinvolving admultiplication a ation of these, g the use of the	gits by a one formal ong onbers. Is by a one al written d interpret or the dition and ond division including	Identify, name tenths and hun Recognise mixe write mathema Add and subtrathe same numb Multiply propediagrams. Read and write Solve problems	and write equiva dredths. ed numbers and intical statements act fractions with	lent fractions of mproper fraction >1 as a mixed nuther same denomixed numbers by as as fractions [for lication and division]	a given fraction, as and convert from the same and convert from the same and denotes whole numbers or example 0.71	represented visor om one form to ple $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$ ominators that a s, supported by recommendation $\frac{71}{100}$	the other and [1] re multiples of materials and	Number: Decimals Read, write, order numbers with up to places. Recognise and use relate them to ten and decimal equiv. Round decimals w places to the neare number and to one Solve problems inv up to three decimal Recognise the per and understand th relates to 'number hundred', and write a fraction with der and as a decimal. Solve problems wh knowing percentage equivalents of 1/2, 1/4 fractions with a def multiple of 10 or 2	thousandths and ths, hundredths alents. Ith two decimal est whole e decimal place. Volving number al places. cent symbol (%) at per cent of parts per cent e percentages as nominator 100, which require ge and decimal $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those nominator of a	Consolidation

Year 5 - Summer Term

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Multiply and di decimals by 10 Use all four ope	involving numb ivide whole numb , 100 and 1000. erations to solve ngth, mass, volu	bers and those i	nvolving ving measure [Use the proper related facts an angles. Distinguish bety polygons based and angles. Know angles ar and compare and degrees (°) Identify: angles (total 360°), angles	perties of Shapes pes, including cub the pes, including cub the pes, including cub the pes, including cub the pes, and missing lend ween regular and the pes and including the pes and included the pes and measure at a point and on gles at a point on the pes and including the pes and including the pes and including the pessengence at a point and on the pessengence at a point and the pessengence at a pessengence at a point and the pessengence at a point and the pessengence at a pesseng	to deduce gths and irregular out equal sides grees: estimate reflex angles. them in	Geometry- position and direction Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.	example, km a m; cm and mr and ml] Understand at approximate a between metr common imperas inches, pour	een different c measure [for and m; cm and m; g and kg; l and use equivalences ric units and erial units such ands and pints.	Measures Volume Estimate volume [for example using 1cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure.	Consolidation