Try to use conjunctions	
F	for
Α	and
N	nor
В	but
0	or
Υ	yet
S	SO.

	Punctuation Power!
Α	Capital letters for the start of sentences, names and places.
	A full stop at the end of a sentence.
!	Exclamation marks for exclamations or surprise.
?	Question marks for questions.
,	Apostrophes for showing something belongs to someone.
,	Commas to separate items on a list.

Top Tip: Use pronouns like **he, she, them** or **they** instead of repeating a name or names.

Writing Mat Working towards Year 3

Super Spellings I need to know most of these:				
door	most	break	again	could
poor	children	steak	grass	would
find	climb	busy	pass	sure
mind	only	people	plant	eye
floor	old	pretty	path	should
because	many	beautiful	bath	who
kind	clothes	after	hour	Mr
behind	cold	fast	move	Mrs
whole	gold	last	prove	parents
any	hold	past	half	Christmas
child	told	father	money	everybody
wild	every	class	improve	even
both	great	water	sugar	

Suffixes stick onto the end of a word:	
-ed	-er

oj a wora.	
-ed	-er
dropp ed	sadd er
copi ed	happi er
watch ed	nic er
-est	-ly
fast est	glad ly
bigg est	angri ly
pretti est	careful ly
-ful	-ness
colour ful	bright ness
play ful	happi ness
plenti ful	loneli ness

Can you write using paragraphs? Paragraphs are a few sentences joined together all linked to the same theme.

Prefixes stick onto the beginning of o
word to change their meaning:

word to change their intentitieg.		
mis- means 'wrong'	un- means 'not'	
misbehave	unhappy	
misplace	unhelpful	

Using 'a' or 'an'		
an	α	
before a word that starts with a vowel : an apple	before a word that does not start with a vowel: a banana	



Super Spellings... I need to know **most** of these: accident centre experience important ordinaru reign accidentally century experiment interest particular remember island peculiar actual certain extreme sentence knowledge perhaps actuallu circle famous separate address complete favourite popular special learn although consider Februaru length position straight continue forwards library strange answer possess decide fruit material possession strength appear arrive describe medicine possible grammar suppose believe different mention potatoes surprise group difficult therefore bicycle quard minute pressure breath disappear quide natural probably though breathe early heard naughty promise thought build earth heart notice through purpose eight various height occasion quarter busy business eighth history occasionallu question weight calendar imagine often enough recent woman caught exercise opposite regular increase women

Top Tip: Not only can you use pronouns like **he, she, it** or **they** instead of repeating a name or names but how about other names or titles too? Here's some examples: the teacher, she, Mrs Smith, the lovely woman or the lady with long hair.

Don't forget to organise
your writing into
paragraphs. Each one needs
a few sentences linked to the
same theme.

Writing Mat Expected Year 3

Know your Prefixes
un- means not
pre- means before
mis- means wrong
super- means above
re- means again
sub- means under
inter- means between
anti- means against
auto- means self
im/ir/in/il- mean not

Which is Witch? Know your Homophones
there/their/they're
rain/rein/reign
two/too/to
which/witch
whether/weather
male/mail
flower/flour

Punctuation Power!	
Α	Capital letters for the start of sentences, names and places.
	A full stop at the end of a sentence.
!	Exclamation marks for exclamations or surprise.
?	Question marks for questions.
,	Apostrophes for possession such as Cameron's ball.
,	Don't forget a comma to separate items on a list.
44 22	Inverted commas around direct speech.



Super Spellings... I need to know **most** of these: accident experience important ordinaru reign centre accidentallu century experiment interest particular remember island peculiar actual certain extreme sentence knowledge perhaps actuallu circle famous separate address complete favourite popular special learn although consider Februaru length position straiaht continue forwards library strange answer possess decide fruit material possession strength appear arrive describe medicine possible grammar suppose believe different mention potatoes surprise group therefore bicycle difficult guard minute pressure breath disappear quide natural probably though breathe early heard naughty promise thought earth build heart notice through purpose eight various height occasion quarter busy business eighth history occasionallu auestion weight calendar imagine often enough recent woman caught opposite regular exercise increase women

Which is Witch? Know your Homophones		
there/their/they're	whether/weather	
rain/rein/reign	seen/scene	
break/brake	who's/whose	
accept/ except	accept/except	

Your Super Power: You should be able to read through your writing now and spot any mistakes so you can correct them yourself! Make sure your subject and verb always match up, e.g. we were not we was.

Writing Mat Greater Depth Year 3

Punctuation Power!	
Α	Capital letters for the start of sentences, names and places.
	A full stop at the end of a sentence.
!	Exclamation marks for exclamations or surprise.
?	Question marks for questions.
,	Apostrophes for possession such as Cameron's ball.
,	Don't forget a comma after a fronted adverbial as well as within list sentences.
""	Inverted commas around direct speech.

You need to be organising your writing into paragraphs as much as possible. Just make sure each one is about the same theme.

un- means not pre- means before mis- means wrong super- means above re- means again sub- means under

inter- means between

anti- means against

auto- means self
im/ir/in/il- mean not

Vary your conjunctions	
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