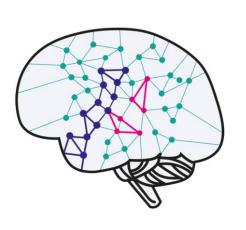
Retrieval Practice



Bringing prior knowledge to mind, making it active.

Key points to Retrieval Practice:

- 1. Vary the context
- 2. Purposeful and link to new knowledge
- 3. Retrieved to be used





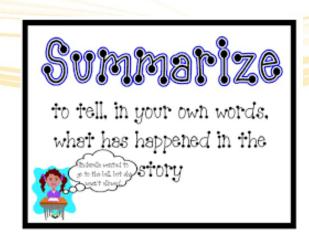
"Meaningful learning is about producing organised, coherent and integrated mental models that allow people to make inferences and apply their knowledge."

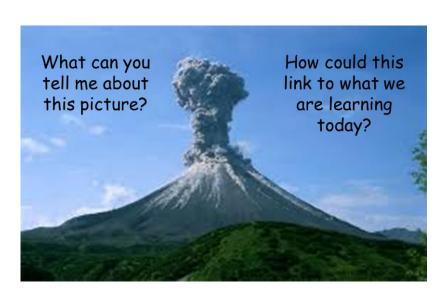
Karpicke, 2012 Mayer, 2009 and 2016

Strategies

SJB

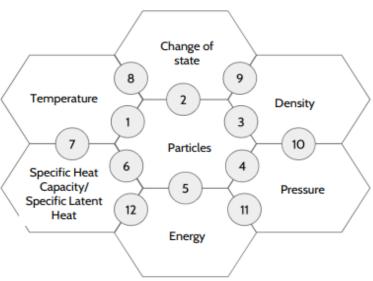
- a) Summarising taught concepts
- b) Mindmapping (Padlet)
- c) Drawing an image to represent learning
- e) Testing (Quizziz, Kahoot, question grids)
- f) Teaching concepts to others
- g) Flashcards





Learning is a constructive act (Logan and Mayer, 2016)

Use the numbers between the keywords to form a link between the two words/terms. For example, number one will be a link between temperature and particles.



			.,
1 With an increase in temperature, the particles move faster as they gain kinetic energy	depending on the change of state Partic los hill be closer or further apart, and will have more a less kind energy	e, 3 density will depend on how close or four apout the pouticles are	How did Christia reach the Holy lar
4 Pressure increases when where decreases. This is because particles will have too space to collide with each other and means the force enacted on the walls increases	5 As energy increases, the particl Vibrale more increasing the languager	hs 6— how much analogy it takes to make the pourticles vibrolle enough to increase the temperature by 1°C — how much analogy it takes to make the Particles mave to change the stalk	
7 Emperative has to change by 1°C in Shc	8 Change in temperature is named to to change the state of a si	http	
10 Higher density macus higher possure, law density means lower pressure since the bollome of the substance increases	11 The More enurgy a gas he kinehic energy the particles how More Gaster. This makes the Ga Walls increase increasing the	Scarcity Click card to see the definition to	

A situation in which unlimited wants exceed the limited resources

available to fulfill those wants

Click again to see the term 👆

Recapping facts about the Crusades

2 points

3 points

What religion were the Crusaders?	What time period were the Crusades?	Which countries did the Crusaders travel from?	What items would a Crusader take with them?
Where were the Crusaders travelling to?	What year was the first Crusade?	What religion were the people that the Crusaders were fighting?	How many Crusades were there altogether?
Why might a rich person have gone on a Crusade?	Why did a lot of Crusaders come from Italy?	What was the name of the Pope that first sent Christians on a Crusade?	How did the Pope encourage Christians to fight?
How did Christians reach the Holy land?	Any key individuals involved in the Crusades?	Why might a farmer have gone on the Crusades?	What name, beginning with 'k', describes the soldiers that went on Crusades?

